

THE
SIXTY-EIGHTH REPORT
OF THE
VISITING JUSTICES

County Lunatic Asylum, at Hanwell.

LONDON:

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1843.

LIST OF
THE COMMITTEE OF VISITING JUSTICES
OF THE
HANWELL LUNATIC ASYLUM,

Appointed at the Michaelmas Quarter Sessions, 1843.

CHAIRMAN,

CHARLES AUGUSTUS TULK, Esq., Totteridge Park, Herts.

W. A. MACKINNON, jun., Esq., 4, Hyde Park Place.

GEORGE BAILLIE, Esq., Hanwell Grove.

THOMAS RUSSELL, Esq., 8, Park Terrace, Camden Town.

CHARLES DEVON, Esq., Teddington Place.

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JOHN GARFORD, Esq., Poplar.

JOHN TOWNEND, Esq., Hanger Lane, Tottenham.

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THOMAS BECKETT, Esq., Russell Place, Fitzroy Square.

JOHN WILKS, Esq., Finsbury Square.

BENJAMIN J. ARMSTRONG, Esq., Southall.

MR. SERJEANT ADAMS, 1, Serjeant's Inn, Chancery Lane.

HENRY POWNALL, Esq., Spring Grove, Hounslow.

FRANCIS CURWEN SMITH, Esq., Frognall House, Hampstead.

Middlesex.

TO HER MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF THE PEACE
FOR THE COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX IN GENERAL
QUARTER SESSION ASSEMBLED.

The SIXTY-EIGHTH REPORT of the VISITING JUSTICES appointed to superin- tend the Management of THE COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM AT HANWELL.

THE Visiting Justices have the satisfaction to find that every year, as the excellence of the non-restraint System becomes more generally recognised, it affords fewer Materials in the Asylum for Comment or Report. For four years it has been the settled Rule of the House, that no harshness nor coercive cruelty should be used in any case, but that every Patient, however violent, should be treated with uniform kindness and forbearance; and during that time such has been the undeviating success of this Plan, such has been the even tenor of its course, that it now presents no new facts nor features either to vindicate or explain. This is the more extraordinary, as it rarely happens that a Theory can be brought into Practice without losing a Portion of its presumed Efficiency. It is in the highest degree gratifying to find, notwithstanding

this, no one untoward circumstance has occurred since the last Annual Report which might lead the inconsiderate to suppose that there was something peculiar to Insanity, which at times rendered harshness and severity unavoidable. This ancient Error is fast giving way before the force of Truth; and the time perhaps may not be far distant when the Principle will be universally admitted in every civilized Country, that there is more true Power in the Influence of Kindness, Humanity, and Justice, more of Safety, and possibly more of Sanatory Effect, than in the harsh measures which were formerly relied on, for the Control of the Insane.

At the April and June Quarter Sessions of 1842, the sum of 5,500*l.* was raised by the authority of the Court upon Mortgage of the County Rate for the execution of certain necessary Works. The whole of these, finished in an able and satisfactory manner, have been completed under the direction of Mr. Harris, the Resident-Engineer. The Account of the Application of the monies so raised will be found annexed to this Report. The Visiting Justices may perhaps be excused if they again express their satisfaction at the Skill displayed in the construction of the Well under the superintendence of Mr. Baker, the Contractor. So complete and perfect is the Work, that an abundant supply of excellent Water is afforded which rises to a sufficient height without the aid of Steam Power.

The Visiting Justices are gratified whenever they can lessen the Burdens of the County by lowering the Rate. This, they are happy to say, they have been enabled to do,

and from the first of this month there will be a reduction from 8s. 2d. to 7s. 3½d. in the weekly charge.

At the suggestion of the Chaplain, and with the approval of the Resident Physician, a Schoolmaster and a School-mistress have been for a time engaged to give Instruction to such of the Patients as might be thought capable of deriving any benefit from it. The Visiting Justices are happy to report that the Chaplain expresses himself favourably as to the results of the Experiment. The numbers of Patients who have attended the Schools to the 21st of September were as follow:—

	Males.	Females.
Number of Patients who have attended the Classes.....	115	65
Number of Patients now in attendance	70	40
Average number of Classes held during the day	5	4
Average number who have attended the Classes held during the past week	15	9

The Patients are instructed in reading the Holy Scriptures, in Writing, Geography, Arithmetic and Singing.

The Metropolitan Commissioners, during their Visit to the Asylum, mentioned in the last Report, having expressed to one of the Visiting Justices a strong opinion that sufficient space was not allotted in the Sleeping-Apartments of the several Basements, and of the Upper Stories in the East and West Towers, which Opinion they may embody in their Public Report, Your Committee think it right to call the attention of the Court to this important subject, and they have annexed to this a Return

of the dimensions of the several Apartments alluded to, and the number of Patients allotted to each. They have no means of ascertaining what space is allowed to Patients of other Asylums in Apartments of a like Area, and with equal means of ventilation, but it is possible that a more extended space might be attended with proportionate advantages. But it should, at the same time, be borne in mind, that this could not be effected except by a considerable reduction in the number of the Patients; the abstraction of but one Patient from each Room causing a reduction of no fewer than Thirty-seven. But with all the additions which have been made to the Asylum, it is still found to be so inadequate to the present Wants of the County,* that the removal of every Bed must consign an additional Patient to the miseries of a Private Asylum. This inevitable result is of so serious a nature, that when the great healthiness of the Asylum is taken into the Account, and the small average number of deaths, which do not exceed annually 10 per Cent., whereas in private Pauper Establishments, within the Metropolitan District, the average deaths double that amount, so deeply do these facts weigh upon the minds of the Visiting Justices, that they could not feel warranted to make any further reduction in the accommodation, unless by the express desire of the County, and with the approval of the Court.

CHAS. AUG. TULK,
Chairman.

18th October, 1843.

* Vide 64th Report of the Visiting Justices; and the Table of the annual returns of Pauper Lunatics in Middlesex, annexed to the present Report; by which it appears that they have increased in number 408 since 1839, and that additional accommodation is still required for 429 persons.

A RETURN of all Lunatics and Dangerous Idiots maintained by the several Parishes in the County of Middlesex in the years from 1831 to 1843, according to the Returns annually made by them to the Michaelmas Quarter Sessions, pursuant to the Statute 9 Geo. 4th, cap. 40.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
1831	323	516	839
1832	339	524	863
1833	329	505	834
1834	357	555	912
1835	388	567	955
1836	352	579	931*
1837	340	560	900
1838	342	543	885
1839	330	564	894
1840	383	622	1005
1841	402	644	1046
1842	479	722	1201
1843	519	783	1302

These Returns are exclusive of the Lunatic Vagrants whose Settlements cannot be ascertained, and who are maintained at the expense of the County. They amounted on September 30th, 1843, to 69 Males and 58 Females.—Total 127.

A RETURN of the number of Patients' Beds in the Hanwell Asylum

Male Side	415
Female Side	585
	1000

RETURN of the number of Lunatics requiring accommodation.

MALES.

Parish Patients	519
County Patients.....	69

FEMALES.

Parish Patients	783
County Patients.....	58

1429

Total number of Beds	1000
Additional accommodation required....	429

1429

* By the Returns laid before the House of Commons, 12th July, 1837, it appears that the total number of Lunatics in the County of Middlesex in 1835 was 941, and of Idiots 318, making a total of 1259; but in this Return Idiots *not dangerous* as well as dangerous are included. Of the 318 Idiots 265 are returned as under the care of Parish Officers.

HANWELL LUNATIC ASYLUM.

PATIENTS ADMITTED, DISCHARGED AND DEAD.

PATIENTS ADMITTED, DISCHARGED AND DEAD.

During Quarter ending 30th September, 1843.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
In Asylum on 30th June, 1843	414	568	982
Admitted since	19	13	32
	433	581	1014
	Males.	Females	
Cured	10	7	
Discharged Relieved ..	4	—	
Died.....	7	11	
	—	—	
	21	18	39
Remaining in Asylum on 30th September, 1843.	412	563	975
Daily average Number of Patients.....			982.

J. MORRISON,
Accountant.

HANWELL LUNATIC ASYLUM.

A RETURN of the Admissions, Re-admissions, and Discharges of Patients in the Hanwell Asylum, from its opening, 16th May 1831, to 30th September 1843.

ADMISSIONS.

	Males.	Females.	Total.	Apparent Total.
Once	1134	1211	2345	2345
Twice	46	38	84	168
Thrice	12	6	18	54
Four times	3	1	4	16
Five times	1	—	1	5
	1196	1256	2452	2588

DISCHARGES.

	Males.	Females.	Total.	Apparent Total.
CURED—				
Once	216	232	448	448
Twice	12	10	22	44
Thrice	6	5	11	33
Once and relieved once	1	1	2	4
" " now dead	11	7	18	36
" " remaining	14	17	31	62
" " relieved twice	1	—	1	3
" " once and now dead	—	—	—	—
" " and " remaining	1	1	2	6
Twice " now dead	1	—	1	3
" " remaining	3	—	3	9
Thrice " " dead	1	—	1	4
" " " remaining	2	1	3	12
Four times and relieved once	1	—	1	5
RELIEVED—				
Once	53	40	93	93
Twice	1	—	1	2
Once and now dead	2	—	2	4
" " " remaining	5	3	8	16
DIED	478	398	876	876
REMAINING	387	541	928	928
	1196	1256	2452	2588

Number of Admissions, including the Re-admissions 2588
 Ditto Patients Admitted 2452

Difference 136

HANWELL LUNATIC ASYLUM.

EMPLOYMENT,
30th Sept. 1843.

MALES.	FEMALES.
Garden and Agriculture	110 Garden
Helpers in the Wards	48 Laundry
Repicking Coir	8 Kitchen and Dairy
Store-room, Kitchin, and Engine House	14 Helpers in the Wards
Tailors	10 Repicking Coir
Shoemakers	13 Needlework
Upholstery Room	5
Bricklayers	2
Painters	3
Carpenters	10
Employed	223
Unemployed	168
Sick	21
Total in Asylum .	412
Males	412
Females	563
	975
Total in Asylum .	563
Employed	302
Unemployed	222
Sick	39

J. MORRISON, *Accountant.*

MIDDLESEX LUNATIC ASYLUM.

THE ESTABLISHMENT.

30th Sept. 1843.

OFFICERS.

		Per Ann.
1	Superintendent	£500 0
1	Matron	200 0
1*	Chaplain	200 0
1	Steward	200 0
1	Deputy Steward	70 0
1	House Surgeon. Males	150 0
1	Ditto. Females	150 0
1*	Accountant	200 0
2	Assistant Clerks	{ £30 65* }
		95 0
1†	Engineer	105 0
1*	Clerk to the Visiting Justices	70 0
1*	School Master	78 0
1	Housekeeper	50 0
1	Assistant Storekeeper and Deputy Matron	35 0
1	Superintendent of Needlework	25 0
1	Ditto of Knitting	18 0
1	Ditto of Laundry	20 0
1*	School Mistress	39 0
19		<u>£2,205 0</u>

SERVANTS.

	MALES.	Per Ann.
1	Attendant	£35 0
10	Ditto	30 0
15	Ditto	25 0
1*	Shoemaker	1 5 per week
1*	Tailor	1 5 ditto
1*	Ditto Assistant	0 18 ditto
1†	Gardener	1 4 ditto
1	Brewer	26 0
1	Cowman	1 1 per week
1*	Carter	0 14 ditto
1*	Labourer	0 15 ditto
1	House Porter	21 0
1*	Office Messenger	0 5 per week
1†	Porter at Lodge	1 1 ditto
37		<u>£1193 16</u>

FEMALES.

	FEMALES.	Per Ann.
1	Attendant	£21 0
2	Ditto	18 0
6	Ditto	17 0
3	Ditto	16 0
5	Ditto	15 0
17	Ditto	14 0
1	Housemaid	15 10
1	Ditto	14 10
1	Ditto	12 10
1	Ditto	11 10
1	Ditto	10 10
2	Laundry Maids	16 0
3	Ditto	14 0
1	Ditto. Foul Linen	20 0
1	Ditto. Ditto	14 0
2	Kitchen Maids	14 0
1	Scullery Maid	14 0
1	Dairy Maid	12 0
1	Bakeress	18 0
1	Cook	17 0

52	Females.	781 10
37	Males.	1,193 16

89	Servants.	1,97 6
19	Officers.	2,205 0

198	Total	<u>£4,180 6</u>
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* Neither boarded nor lodged. † Lodged only.

J. MORRISON, Accountant.

A RETURN of CLOTHING, &c., Manufactured or made up by the Patients in the HANWELL LUNATIC ASYLUM, from the 1st October, 1842, to the 30th September, 1843.

Aprons	1637
Black Velvet Stocks	12
Bed Gowns	20
Braces	421
Boots and Shoes, Leather, (pairs) ..	213
Ditto Cloth (ditto) ..	1135
Men's Coats	330
Day Caps	1360
Flannel Waistcoats	296
Flannel Drawers	124
Night Caps	475
Petticoats	814
Shawls	153
Shifts.....	1082
Shirts	933
Men's Trowsers	683
Women's Gowns	1076
Waistcoats	235
Pillow Cases	223
Sheets	1182
Table Cloths	32
Towels	49
Shrouds and Caps.....	102
Window Curtains	29
Mattresses, Coir	149
Bolsters, Coir	210
Coverlids, inlaid with Blanket	107
Ticking and other Frocks	176
Men's Cloth and Velvet Caps.....	472
Women's Stays.....	108
Handkerchiefs	38

The fancy work made and sold in the Bazaar is not included in the above statement.

The whole of the repairs of the Clothing, &c., is done by the Patients, with the exception of the repairs of the Leather Shoes. The washing of the Establishment, consisting, on the 30th September, 1843, of 1,076 persons, is also performed by the Patients, with the assistance and superintendance of five Laundresses ; and the whole of the Cooking, Baking, and Dairy departments, with the assistance and superintendance of five Kitchen Servants.

From 90 to 100 Patients are constantly employed on the Farm and Gardens.

G. WHELAN, *Steward.*

A RETURN OF CLOTHING delivered out from October
1st, 1842, to October 1st, 1843:—

	Males.	Females.
Aprons	58	1886
Bed Gowns	—	29
Black Velvet Stocks	17	—
Bonnets	—	529
Braces	487	—
Boots	{ Leather Cloth .	232
		711
Coats	422	—
Cloth and Velvet Caps	600	—
Day Caps	—	1309
Flannel Waistcoats	211	73
Flannel Drawers	85	34
Gloves	52	—
Handkerchiefs	1075	960
Hats	625	—
Night Caps	61	373
Petticoats	—	783
Shawls	—	164
Shifts	—	1100
Shirts	993	—
Shoes	{ Leather Cloth .	487
		244
Stays	—	586
Stockings	1065	1950
Trowsers	702	—
Waistcoats	335	—
Women's Gowns	—	1143
Frocks	145	60

A RETURN of Clothing in Store on October 1st, 1842, and on
October 1st, 1843.

October 1st, 1842.

		£	s.	d.
72	Aprons, at	1/5	33	8
9	Bed Gowns	2/0	0	18
1	Black Velvet Stock ..	0/3	0	0
16	Bonnets	1/4	1	1
36	{ Pairs, Men's Leather Boots	6/6	11	14
12	„ Ditto Shoes	4/10	2	18
14	„ Men's Cloth Boots ..	3/2	2	4
24	„ { Women's Leather Boots	4/1	4	18
36	„ Ditto Shoes	3/6	6	6
30	„ { Women's Cloth Boots	2/10	4	5
16	„ Ditto Shoes	1/8	1	6
9	Coats	6/8	36	6
33	Day Caps	0/6½	13	1
6	Flannel Waistcoats ..	1/7	8	7
17	Pairs, Flannel Drawers ..	2/8½	2	6
4	„ Gloves	0/8	0	2
20	Handkerchiefs	0/3	5	5
52	Hats	3/0	7	16
8	Hoods	0/7½	0	5
55	Men's Frocks	1/7½	5	5
27	Night Caps	0/2	1	1
2	Petticoats (Cloth) ..	10/3	6	3
—	Ditto (Flannel) ..	0	0	0
6	Shifts	4/0	13	4
6	Shirts	4/8	10	14
5	Pairs, Stays (Jean) ..	1/5	8	2
—	„ Ditto (Harden) ..	0/4	0	0
6	„ Stockings	10/6	1	11
3	„ Trowsers	6/6	30	4
6	Waistcoats	3/1	16	6
0	Women's Cotton Gowns ..	3/8	11	0
0	Ditto Cloth Gowns ..	14/0	56	0
2	Men's Caps	0/4	3	17
—	Women's Check Gowns ..	0	0	0
—	Yards, Black Velvet ..	0/9½	0	0
0½	„ Brown Holland ..	0/8	0	14
8	„ Calico	0/5½	22	3
0	„ Check Linen ..	15	4	7
8	„ Flannel	1/0½	9	15
0	„ Lawn	0/8	2	6
—	Leather	0	0	0
5	Yards, Linsey	0	14	2
0	„ Shoe Cloth ..	2/0	1	18
—	„ Printed Cotton ..	0	0	0
—	„ Striped Linen ..	0	0	0
—	„ { Men's Broad Cloth	0	0	0
		£358	19	5

October 1st, 1843.					
		£	s.	d.	
198	Aprons.....	1/5	14	0	6
—	Bed Gowns	2/0	0	0	0
—	Black Velvet Stocks .	0/3	0	0	0
80	Bonnets	1/3	5	0	0
31	{ Pairs, Men's Leather Boots	6/3	9	13	9
—	„ Ditto Shoes	4/4	0	0	0
1	„ Men's Cloth Boots	4/6	0	4	6
18	„ { Women's Leather Boots... }	4/0	3	12	0
48	„ Ditto Shoes	3/3	7	16	0
48	„ { Women's Cloth Boots..... }	3/6	8	8	0
6	„ Ditto Shoes	1/8	0	10	0
2	Coats	6/8	0	13	4
398	Day Caps.....	0/6½	10	15	7
87	Flannel Waistcoats..	1/7	6	17	9
11	Pairs, Flannel Drawers	2/8½	1	9	9
1	„ Gloves	0/8	0	0	8
6	Handkerchiefs.....	0/3	0	1	6
—	Hats.....	3/0	0	0	0
8	Hoods	0/7½	0	5	0
61	Men's Frocks	1/7½	4	19	1
201	Night Caps	0/2	1	13	6
29	Petticoats (Cloth) ..	5/6	7	19	6
14	Ditto (Flannel)	2/0	1	8	0
13	Shifts	4/0	2	12	0
5	Shirts	4/8	1	3	4
20	Pairs, Stays (Jean) ..	1/5½	1	9	2
95	„ Ditto (Harden) ..	0/4	1	11	8
84	„ Stockings	9/6	3	6	6
—	„ Trowsers	6/6	0	0	0
17	Waistcoats	3/1	2	12	5
48	Women's Cotton Gowns	3/8	8	16	0
6	Ditto Cloth Gowns ..	12/6	3	15	0
—	Men's Caps.....	0/4	0	0	0
27	Women's Check Gowns	4/0	5	8	0
—	Yards, Black Velvet .	0/9	0	0	0
10	„ Brown Holland ..	0/8	0	6	8
134	„ Calico	0/4¾	2	13	1
—	„ Check Linen ..	0/10½	0	0	0
96	„ Flannel.....	0/10	4	0	0
—	„ Lawn		0	0	0
—	Leather		0	0	0
49	Yards, Linsey.....	2/8	6	10	8
70	„ Shoe Cloth ..	1/6	5	5	0
88	„ Printed Cotton	8/0	1	4	0
86	„ Striped Linen	0/8	2	17	4
79	„ { Men's Broad Cloth	4/0	15	16	0
			£	154	15
				3	

Amount for Clothing purchased 1842.....£2,363 3 2
 " " " 1843..... 1,993 9 1

	Males.	Females.	Total
Average Number of Patients	1842 .. 399 ..	549 ..	948.
	1842 .. 419 ..	569 ..	979

GEO. WHELAN STEWARD

FARM AND GARDEN ACCOUNT,

From the 1st October, 1842, to the 30th September, 1843.

Receipt.		Expenditure.	
To sale of—	£ s. d.	By purchase of—	£ s. d.
1 Carcase Cow.....	0 10 0	6 Cows	130 0 0
8 Cows	72 0 0	146 Pigs	107 3 0
	72 10 0	Fowls.....	1 15 0
1 Heifer.....	10 0 0	Hay, Corn, and Provender	476 14 3
5 Fat Calves	19 18 4	Meal, Toppings, &c.	97 0 6
10 Sucking ditto	12 14 6	Potatoe and other Seeds	81 19 8
	32 12 10	Sundry Farming Expenses	53 3 8
Fowls, viz.—		Tools and Implements	14 11 8
35 Ducks.....	3 18 9	Wages, viz.:—	
14 Geese	3 10 0	Principal Gardener.....	£64 12 6
	7 8 9	Cowman.....	47 15 3
3 Pigs.....	4 1 2	Carter.....	37 12 5
Fruit	13 16 3	Two Labourers.....	72 7 3
Balance	1044 6 2		222 7 5
	£1184 15 2		£1184 15 2

ESTIMATED PROFIT ON FARM AND GARDEN ACCOUNT.

	£ s. d.		s. d.	£ s. d.
To Balance brought down	1044 6 2	By 794 Stone of Pork	at 6 per stone.	258 1 0
428 Quarters of Grains at 2s. per Quarter	42 16 0	2601 Bushels of Potatoes	2 0 „ bushel	260 2 0
Manure from 89 Loads of Straw	26 14 0	12,931 Gallons of Milk..	0 6 „ gallon	323 5 3
Interest on Capital	20 9 11	2549 lbs. of Butter	1 1 „ lb....	138 1 5
Rent of Land, 26 Acres at 50s. per Acre.....	65 0 0	360 dozen of Eggs	0 9 „ dozen.	13 10 0
Decrease on Stock	29 11 0	Cabbages ..	0 8 „ dozen.	
Balance	46 12 10	Carrots	2 6 „ bushel	
	£1275 9 11	Parsnips ..	4 6 „ cwt.	
		Onions	2 6 „ bushel	
		Turnips....	2 0 „ do.	
		Peas	1 9 „ do.	
		Beans.....	3 0 „ do.	
				282 10 3
				£1275 9 11

Note.—16 Tons of Mangel Wurtzel, and 9 Tons of Sweed Turnips, were produced upon the Farm, and consumed by the Cows.

ESTIMATED VALUE OF STOCK UPON THE FARM.

1842 October 1st.	£ s. d.	1843. October 1st.	£ s. d.
3 Horses.....	25 0 0	3 Horses.....	15 0 0
18 Cows.....	288 0 0	15 Cows.....	240 0 0
1 Bull	10 0 0	1 Bull	12 0 0
1 Heifer	10 0 0	*2 Heifers.....	20 0 0
4 Calves	10 0 0	2 Calves (weaned).....	8 0 0
91 Pigs	141 11 0	126 Pigs	162 0 0
Sundry Fowls.....	20 0 0	Sundry Fowls.....	18 0 0
Implements and Dead Stock....	100 0 0	Implements and Dead Stock	100 0 0
	£604 11 0	Decrease on Stock.....	29 11 0
			£604 11 0

* The two Heifers were returned last Year as Calves.

GEO. WHELAN,

Steward.

HANWELL LUNATIC ASYLUM. INCOME AND

INCOME.

ATE. pt. 30	HEADS OF INCOME.	QUARTERS ENDING						TOTAL.	
		1842		1843.			Total.		
		31st Dec.	31st March.	30th June.	30th Sept.				
843	To Balance from 30th September, 1842	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	1320 12 5	
	<i>From Parishes in Middlesex.</i>								
	To Cash Received	4860 19 1	4588 2 2	4639 2 4	1263 19 4	15352 2 11			
	Ditto due	14 7 7	41 16 0	3299 12 1	3355 15 8				
		4860 19 1	4602 9 9	4680 18 4	4563 11 5	18707 18 7			
	<i>From Parishes in other Counties.</i>								
	To Cash Received	61 10 0	40 8 0	51 8 0	.....	153 6 0		
	Ditto due	9 4 0	9 12 0	22 11 6	82 18 0	124 5 6			
		70 14 0	50 0 0	73 19 6	82 18 0	277 11 6			
	<i>From County Treasurer.</i>								
	To Cash Received	687 3 4	651 16 8	663 16 7	12 17 10	2015 14 5			
	Ditto due .....	.....	5 11 4	656 19 8	662 11 0			
		687 3 4	651 16 8	669 7 11	669 17 6	2678 5 5			
	<i>For Funerals.</i>								
	To Cash Received	11 1 0	10 4 0	13 12 0	2 11 0	37 8 0			
	Ditto due .....	.....	.....	8 10 0	8 10 0			
		11 1 0	10 4 0	13 12 0	11 1 0	45 18 0			
	Total Income	5629 17 5	5314 10 5	5437 17 9	5327 7 11	21709 13 6	21709 13 6	£23030 5 11	

26th October, 1843.

(Errors excepted.)

J. MORRISON, Accountant.

EXPENDITURE.

DATE.	HEADS OF EXPENDITURE.	QUARTERS ENDING				General Heads of Expenditure.	
		1842.		1843.			
		31st Dec.	31st March.	30th June.	30th Sept.		
1843. Sept. 30	<i>Provisions.</i>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
	By Meat	717 16 6	700 15 5	706 18 11	711 2 7	2836 13 5	
	Flour	539 0 0	549 6 0	490 5 0	498 15 0	2077 6 0	
	Oatmeal and Peas	25 14 0	29 3 9	20 14 0	20 14 0	96 5 9	
	Groceries	374 9 8	355 5 9	359 5 5	363 7 9	1452 8 7	
	Tobacco and Snuff	64 8 6	65 1 1	65 13 10	68 4 11	263 8 4	
	Cheesemongery	242 15 2	254 17 10	229 6 1	247 5 7	974 4 8	
	Malt and Hops	308 14 1	349 16 1	323 12 2	316 4 2	1298 6 6	
	Potatoes .....	.....	56 7 8	119 9 6	17 13 9	193 10 11
	Milk .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Cash on account of Farm	303 12 11	331 10 7	225 13 3	183 9 5	1044 6 2	
	<i>House Expences.</i>	2576 10 10	2692 4 2	2540 18 2	2426 17 2	10236 10 4	
	By Coals	401 0 0	401 0 0	653 15 0	267 14 0	1723 9 0	
	Soap, Starch, Soda, &c.	252 3 5	153 2 1	150 17 8	109 16 8	665 19 10	
	Candles and Oil for Gas	134 14 7	24 18 8	15 0 11	11 8 9	186 2 11	
	Straw for Bedding	65 11 0	51 15 6	63 12 0	31 4 0	212 2 6	
	Postage, Stationery, and Receipt Stamps	53 6 7	41 1 4	36 19 11	35 13 6	167 1 4	
	Freight and Carriage .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Retaking Patients	0 10 0	1 8 6	0 11 0	0 14 0	3 3 6	
	Coffins, &c.	5 11 0	7 16 6	6 15 6	4 19 0	25 2 0	
	<i>Medicine.</i>	912 16 7	681 2 7	927 12 0	461 9 11	2983 1 1	
	By Drugs and Instruments .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2983 1 1
	Wine and Spirits	70 9 1	86 14 0	49 15 6	72 16 6	279 15 1	
	Porter	62 6 0	56 18 0	55 6 0	47 19 3	222 9 3	
	Fish, Poultry, Oranges, &c.	28 12 0	31 5 6	26 9 6	13 10 1	99 17 1	
	<i>Clothing.</i>	12 18 10	28 14 5	16 16 8	12 17 1	71 7 0	
	By Clothing	174 5 11	203 11 11	148 7 8	147 2 11	673 8 5	
	<i>Incidentals.</i>	.....	.....	.....	.....	673 8 5
	By Incidentals	19 10 10	28 17 10	144 17 11	23 0 3	1998 8 1	
	<i>Salaries and Wages.</i>	.....	.....	.....	.....	1998 8 1
	By Salaries of Officers ...	517 10 0	517 10 0	517 16 8	545 15 0	2098 11 8	
	Wages of Servants	454 10 0	454 17 7	466 16 9	474 17 3	1851 1 7	
	.....	972 0 0	972 7 7	984 13 5	1020 12 3	3949 13 3
	Total Expenditure	5236 13 4	5236 14 2	5044 10 3	4539 10 3	20057 8 0	
	Balance ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	20057 8 0
	<i>Average Weekly Expenditure for each Patient.</i>	.....	.....	.....	.....	£23030 5 11
	Provisions	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
	House Expenses	0 4 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 4 3 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 3 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 3 9 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 4 0 $\frac{5}{8}$	
	Clothing	0 1 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 1 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 1 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 8 $\frac{5}{8}$	0 1 2 $\frac{1}{8}$	
	Salaries and Wages....	0 0 11 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 1 0 $\frac{5}{8}$	0 0 5 $\frac{5}{8}$	0 0 8 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 9 $\frac{1}{2}$	
	Medicine and Incidentals	0 1 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 1 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 1 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 1 7	0 1 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	
	Total	0 0 3 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 3 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	
	Weekly Rate for the Quarters and Year	0 8 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 8 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 7 10 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 7 0 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 7 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	
	0 9 0 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 8 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 8 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 8 2	0 8 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	

MIDDLESEX LUNATIC ASYLUM.

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QUARTERLY ACCOUNT from 1st July to 30th September, 1843.

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1843.	To Balance of Cash at this date.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	1843.
June 30.	To Cash received from Parishes	5,215	17	9	1,011	3	10	Sept. 30. By Cash paid sundry Tradesmen's Bills and other Disbursements to this date.
Sept. 30.	To ditto from County Treasurer for Lunatic Vagrants	691	5	1	5,907	2	10	Balance—At Messrs. Twinings 2,149 6 9
								In hand 982 15 1
								<hr/>
								3,132 1 10
								<hr/>
								£6,918 6 8
								<hr/>

1843.	To Balance of Cash this day.	£	s.	d.	1843.
Sept. 30.	To amount due from Parishes	3,486	17	2	Sept. 30. By Amount of Tradesmen's Bills, Salaries of Officers, Wages of Servants, &c. due at this date
	To ditto from County Treasurer for Lunatic Vagrants	658	13	8	Surplus..... 4,304 14 9
					2,972 17 11
					<hr/>
					£7,277 12 8
					<hr/>

Hanwell, 26th October, 1843.

(Errors excepted.)

J. MORRISON, *Accountant.*

MIDDLESEX LUNATIC ASYLUM.

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The ACCOUNT CURRENT for the Year ending 30th September 1843.

1842.		1843.			
October 1.	To balance of Cash at this date.....	Sept. 30.	1843.	£	s. d.
1843	1,681 12 9				
Sept. 30.	To Cash received from Pa-				
	rishes to this day	19,666 14 6			
	To ditto from County Treas-				
	urer for Lunatic Vagrants	2,701 5 3			
		22,367 19 9			
			£	24,049 12 6	

The Accounts were audited according to the Act by

HENRY POWNALL.
BENJAMIN JOHN ARMSTRONG.
JOHN TOWNEND.
THOMAS BECKETT.
JOHN GARFORD.
THOS. RUSSELL.

26th October 1843.

MIDDLESEX LUNATIC ASYLUM.
BUILDING ACCOUNT.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
To Balance of amount granted by the Court at Michaelmas Session 1840	66	6	9	By cost of Washhouse, Laundry, Drying Yards, and Female Airing Court	868	0	9
To amount granted by the Court at April Session 1842	4,000	0	0	New Oven	122	1	4
Ditto ditto at June Session 1842	1,500	0	0	Foul Linen Houses	276	1	10
				Improvements in Warming	187	19	5
				Supply of Hot Water to Baths	87	0	2
				Additional Female Airing Court, and accommodation in Western Basement	353	13	1
				Gas Works	1,353	14	11
				Additional Drying Ground	183	12	3
				New Females' Workroom	312	0	10
				Sinking Well	991	0	0
				Engine House, and fixing Steam Engine, Pumps, and other Apparatus	400	0	0
				New Smith's Shop	213	0	0
				To Mr. Harris, Superintending Works	60	0	0
				Messrs. Allen, Law Expenses	39	6	2
				Mr. Brunel, Professional Services	22	0	0
				Mr. Simpson, for preparing Plan-Reports and Specifications for the Well, and Commission on the Work	92	8	0
				Balance	4	8	0
					£5,566	6	9

CHARLES WRIGHT, Clerk to the Committee.

THE HANWELL LUNATIC ASYLUM.

DIETARY.

Males.

BREAKFAST.

Milk thickened with Oatmeal and Flour 1 pint; Bread 6 ounces.

DINNER.

Sunday	Meat 5 ounces, cooked.			
Tuesday.....	Yeast Dumpling 4 ounces.			
Wednesday	Beer half a pint.			
Friday	Vegetables.			
Monday	<table> <tr> <td>1 pint Soup.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bread 6 ounces.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Beer half a pint.</td> </tr> </table>	1 pint Soup.	Bread 6 ounces.	Beer half a pint.
1 pint Soup.				
Bread 6 ounces.				
Beer half a pint.				
Thursday.....	<table> <tr> <td>Irish Stew 12 ounces.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bread 6 ounces.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Beer half a pint.</td> </tr> </table>	Irish Stew 12 ounces.	Bread 6 ounces.	Beer half a pint.
Irish Stew 12 ounces.				
Bread 6 ounces.				
Beer half a pint.				
Saturday	<table> <tr> <td>Meat Pie Crust 12 ounces.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Meat 1½ ounce.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Beer half a pint.</td> </tr> </table>	Meat Pie Crust 12 ounces.	Meat 1½ ounce.	Beer half a pint.
Meat Pie Crust 12 ounces.				
Meat 1½ ounce.				
Beer half a pint.				

SUPPER.

Bread 6 ounces; Cheese 2 ounces; Beer half a pint.

EXTRAS TO WORKMEN.

Out-door Workers to be allowed half a pint of Beer at 11 o'clock, A. M. and at 4 P. M. daily, and 1 ounce of Tea and 4 ounces of Sugar per week.

Females.

BREAKFAST.

Bread 5 ounces; Butter half an ounce; Sugar 4 ounces per week; Tea 1 pint.

DINNER.

Sunday	Meat 5 ounces cooked.			
Tuesday.....	Yeast Dumpling 4 ounces.			
Wednesday	Beer half a pint.			
Friday	Vegetables.			
Monday	<table> <tr> <td>1 pint Soup.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bread 6 ounces.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Beer half a pint.</td> </tr> </table>	1 pint Soup.	Bread 6 ounces.	Beer half a pint.
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Irish Stew 12 ounces.				
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Saturday	<table> <tr> <td>Meat Pie Crust 12 ounces.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Meat 1½ ounce.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Beer half a pint.</td> </tr> </table>	Meat Pie Crust 12 ounces.	Meat 1½ ounce.	Beer half a pint.
Meat Pie Crust 12 ounces.				
Meat 1½ ounce.				
Beer half a pint.				

SUPPER.

Milk thickened with Oatmeal and Flour, 1 pint; Bread 5 ounces.

EXTRAS TO LAUNDRY WOMEN, &c.

Laundry Women to be allowed half a pint of Beer at 4 P. M. and together with Helpers, &c. 1 ounce of Tea and 4 ounces of Sugar per week, in lieu of the ordinary Supper.

CONTRACT PRICES of the Principal Articles of Consumption in the Hanwell Lunatic Asylum,
 for the Quarter of the Year ending 30th of September, 1843.—The Articles are delivered at the
 Asylum free of Carriage.

	d.	s.	f.
Ox Beef, entirely free from Bone	0	5	3
Prime Wether Mutton, the whole Carcass (<i>without head, shanks, or inside suet</i>) per stone	0	5	3
Beef and Mutton Suet, (<i>equal proportions</i>)	0	5	3
Flour	0	5	3
Malt	1	15	0
Oatmeal	1	15	0
Cheese	2	14	0
Tea	0	12	0
Sugar (Lump)	2	13	0
Sugar (Raw)	0	4	2
	3	4	0
	per cwt.	per cwt.	per cwt.

CHARLES WRIGHT, *Clerk to the Committee.*

MIDDLESEX LUNATIC ASYLUM.



A LIST of all Sums for Payment of which Orders have been made on the County Treasurer, under the authority of the 33rd Section of the Act of the 9th Geo. 4th, cap. 40, from the 1st July to the 30th September, 1843.

	£	s.	d.
James Harris, Superintending Repairs, Quarter to 30th June	13	15	0
Regent's Canal Company, One Quarter's Water Rent to Midsummer.....	35	0	0
House of Correction, Baskets.....	17	0	6
Joseph Glass, Chimney Sweeping Apparatus ..	1	5	0
Harriet Rattliff, Furniture	4	3	0
P. Hayes, Boiler Cocks	1	19	6
John Smith, Flax, Tow, and Twine	2	17	6
George Reynell, Advertisements.....	20	3	10
Charles Chubb and Son, Keys.....	2	0	0
George Galloway, Suit of Livery for Gate Porter	9	16	0
George Chad, Carriage of Goods	5	19	6
C. F. Seyfang, Printing	5	9	6
F. Davis, Zinc Work	10	12	0
Wildey and Co., Cocoa Nut Fibre.....	28	0	0
Thomas Ell, Ladders	4	4	7
Robert Forest, Paving Tiles	20	0	0
John Morgan, Turnery	1	18	6
Walkling and Wheatley, Earthenware and Glass	10	17	11
Norbury and Co., Periodicals and Stationery ..	5	10	6
George Simpson, Cutlery	7	4	1

	£	s.	d.
Thomas Woods, Furniture	12	12	0
Henry Wix, Psalm and Hymn Books	4	1	3
Thomas Adams, Wire Work	16	15	0
James Montgomery, Timber	9	1	2
Chater and Hayward, Window Glass and Tin ..	37	14	8
John Faulkner, Ironmongery and Cutlery.....	10	14	1
R. Williams, Bedding	68	5	9
William Terry and Co., Brooms, Brushes, and Painting Materials.....	26	1	11
Edward Suter, Account Books	2	3	6
Edward Beck, Lime, Cement, and York Paving	45	16	1
Charles Newman, Quit Rent	0	14	2
John Vincent, Poor's Rate, made 27th July, 1843	5	4	6
John Shinn, Furniture	25	1	0

CHARLES WRIGHT,
Clerk to the Committee.

A RETURN of such of the Patients admitted into the Hanwell Asylum between October 1st, 1842, and September 30th, 1843, as have been ascertained to have been in other places of Confinement before their admission into the Hanwell Asylum.

Under 6 Months.				Under 12 Months.				Above 12 Months.				Time Unknown.				Total.
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Total.	
Bethlem.....	2	..	2	3	1	4	1	2	3	1	1	2	11	11	11	
Saint Luke's....	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	6	..	..	..	..	..	6	6
Hoxton.....	19	13	32	2	4	6	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	40	40
Bethnal Green...	21	23	44	2	3	5	1	3	4	..	..	..	..	..	53	53
Peckham.....	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	3	3
Charenton.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	1	1	1
Workhouses....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	26	50	50
Prisons.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	2	6	6
	42	37	79	7	8	15	8	9	17	30	29	59	59	170		160

HANWELL LUNATIC ASYLUM.

A Return of the Dimensions of the Rooms and Windows of the Sleeping Apartments in the Basements and Upper Stories of the Hanwell Lunatic Asylum.

MALE SIDE.

No. of Rooms.	Length of Room.						Width of Room.						Height of Room.	No. of Windows.	Size of Windows.						No. of Beds.	No. of superficial feet to each patient.
	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.			Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.		
East Tower Basement.																						
No. 1	16	7	15	6	10	8		2			4	3	by	3	6		6				43	
2	16	7	14	7	10	8		1			4	3	by	3	6		6				40	
3	38	3	16	7	10	8		3			4	3	by	3	6		16				40	
4	38	3	16	7	10	8		3			4	3	by	3	6		16				40	
Upper Rooms.																						
No. 4	37	10	17	8	9	2		3			3	6	by	2	6		16				42	
6	..	..	..	..	..	..		..			..	..	by	..	..		..				42
7	..	..	..	..	..	..		..			..	..	by	..	..		..				42
9	..	..	..	..	..	..		..			..	..	by	..	..		..				42
5	17	8	7	..	..	..		1			3	6	by	1	4		3				41
8	..	..	..	..	..	..		..			..	..	by	..	..		..				41

FEMALE SIDE.

No. of Rooms.	Length of Room.						Width of Room.						Height of Room.	No. of Windows.	Size of Windows.						No. of Beds.	No. of superficial feet to each Patient.
	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.			Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.		
Centre Tower Basement.																						
No. 1	20	6	16	7	10	8		2			6	3	by	3	6		8				43	
2	18	..	16	7	..	..		2			..	..	by	..	..		7				43
3	13	10	..	..	..	..		1			..	..	by	..	..		6				38
5	14	..	..	..	..	..		1			..	..	by	..	..		6				39
6	18	6	..	..	..	..		2			..	..	by	..	..		7				44
4	16	6	9	5	..	..		² bor- rowed lights.			4	3	by	3	6		2				78

FEMALE SIDE—Continued.

No. of Rooms.	Length of Room.				Width of Room.				Height of Rcom.				No. of Windows.				Size of Windows.				No. of Beds.	No. of superficial feet to each Pa- tient.
	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.		
West Basement.																						
No. 2	29	3	9	7	8	..			4		3	6	by	3	6					6	47	
3	29	3	8	10	..	..			1		..	..		..	..					6	43
4	29	3	9	6	..	..			4		..	..		..	..					6	46
5	31	..	9	7	..	..			3		..	..		..	..					6	50
6	30	..	22	..	8	6			5		..	..		..	..					13	51
7	33	..	17	..	8	..			3		..	..		..	..					12	56
..	12	..	8	10		..					..	..		..	..
8	32	..	19	10	..	..			3		..	..		..	..					12	53
9	29	..	8	6	..	..			3		..	..		..	..					5	49
West Tower Basement.																						
No. 2	16	7	14	7	10	8			1		4	3	by	3	6					6	40	
3	..	..	15	8	..	..			2		..	..		..	..					7	37
5	..	..	..	..	..	..					..	..		..	..					..	37
7	38	3	16	7	..	..			3		..	..		..	..					18	35
8	..	..	..	..	..	..					..	..		..	..					16	40
Upper Story.																						
No. 1	20	3	17	8	9	2			2		3	6	by	2	6					8	45	
2	17	8	17	1	..	..			1		..	..		..	..					7	43
3	..	..	17	3	..	..			1		..	..		..	..					8	38
4	20	3	17	8	..	..			2		..	..		..	..					9	40
6	20	6	..	..	..	..					..	..		..	..					9	40
7	17	8	16	1	..	..			1		..	..		..	..					7	41
5	..	..	7	..	..	..			1		3	6	by	1	4					2	62
8	..	..	..	..	..	..					..	..		..	..					..	62

QUEEN ADELAIDE FUND.

General Statement of the Accounts of the Charity from its establishment 24th June 1835, to 30th September 1843.

N.B.—The Stock, amounting to $4,400l.$ Three Per Cent. Consols, is invested in the names of—
The late James Clitherow, Esq.
The very Rev. Robert Hodgson, Dean of Carlisle.
(Magistrates of the County of Middlesex.)

JOHN ADAMS, *Treasurer.*

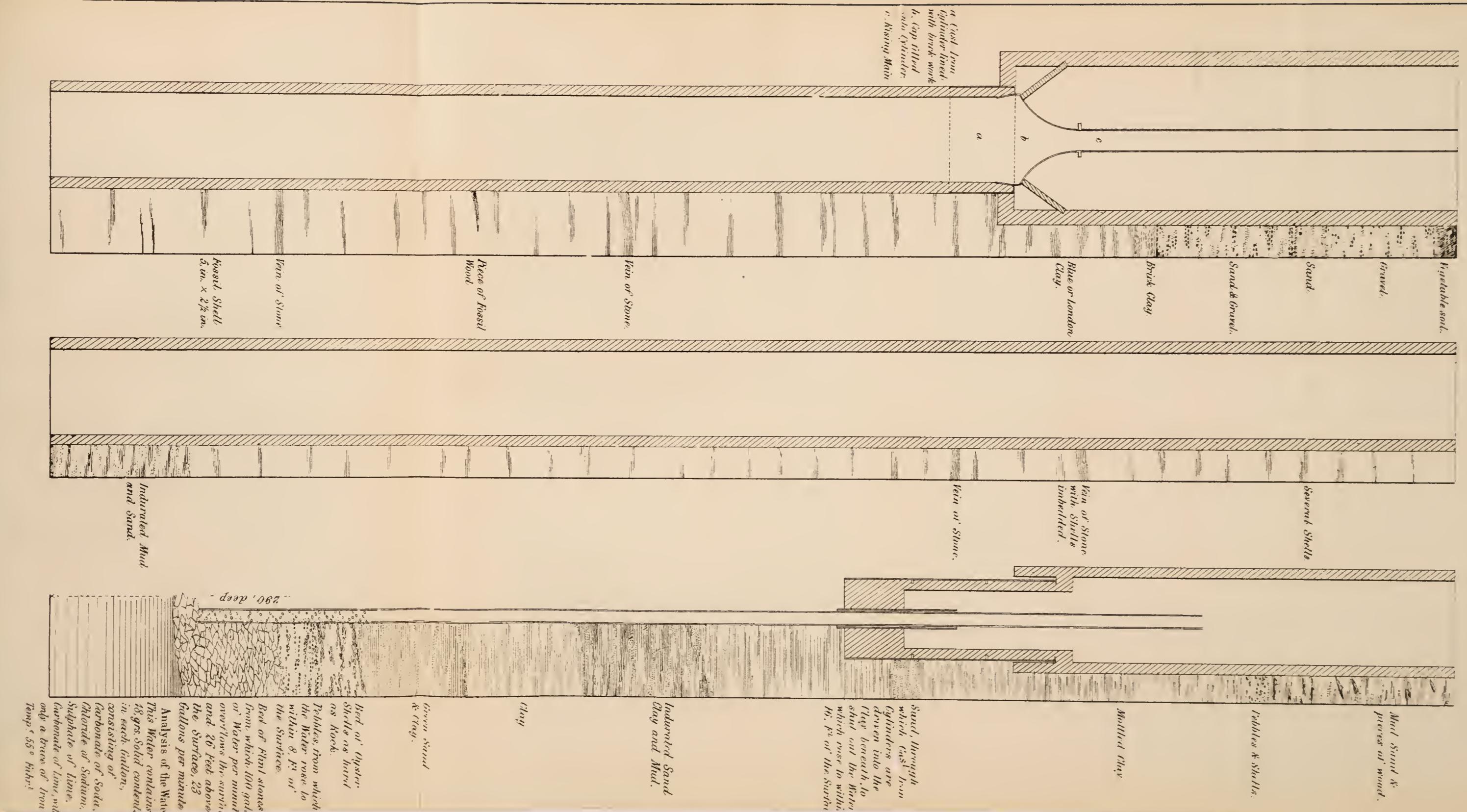
THOS. BECKETT,
THOS. RUSSELL.

(Examined)

26th October, 1843.

SECTION OF THE NEW WELL AT THE HANWELL LUNATIC ASYLUM

28. October 1843.



R E S I D E N T
P H Y S I C I A N ' S R E P O R T.

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THE FIFTH REPORT
OF THE
RESIDENT PHYSICIAN,
1843.

THE Resident Physician begs leave to present the Statistical Tables drawn up on the same plan as in the Reports of the last four years, and comprehending several particulars which do not require to be commented upon, being rather to be regarded in the light of materials for future comparison, than as establishing any general facts by themselves.

It appears that the number of Admissions, and that of Recoveries, has been greater, and that of the Deaths smaller, than in the year preceding. The average daily number of Patients in the Asylum has been 970. Its general state has been healthy, and although the crowded state of the Wards, and particularly of some of the Bed-rooms in the basement story, has rendered it necessary to adopt every precaution to improve the ventilation of such apartments, no epidemic disease, nor any unfavourable modification of the health of the Patients has

appeared to arise from the necessity of placing so many Patients in these apartments.

Of the 180 Admissions during the year 11 have been cases of relapse; 5 in females, and 6 in males. These re-admissions have taken place at the following intervals:—

1	within	1 Month
1	,,	2 Months
2	,,	6 ,,
2	,,	1 Year
3	,,	1 Year and half
1	,,	2 Years
1	,,	3 ,,

The case in which a relapse took place within a month from the previous discharge was that of a male Patient, who drank excessively from the time of leaving the Asylum, and returned in a state of aggravated mania. The case of relapse within two months was that of a female Patient, affected with Melancholia, in consequence of supposed neglect at home. The Form of the Disease in eight of the cases of relapse was Mania, and in one Melancholia. In the remaining two there was an impairment of the faculties, classed under the general term Imbecility, the result of attacks of Mania, but from which the Patients had recovered sufficiently to be capable of returning to their friends. In one of these cases, General Paralysis supervened before the re-admission, and the Patient died three months afterward. Two of those re-admitted have again recovered and left the Asylum.

As the Patients are not always immediately sent to

Hanwell again on the re-appearance of their malady, these particulars do not afford that precise information, either as respects the number of relapses, or the periods, which it would be desirable to possess.

Of the 54 cases of recovery, the cause of the malady was reported to be Intemperance in twelve, four of whom were women. In all these cases employment, temperance, and time effected the cure. Some of the Patients had been previously in the Asylum, and such Patients generally become liable to successive attacks, until the power of recovery is lost.

In one case alone, that of a German, seventy years of age, the cause assigned by his friends was Teetotalism. He had been a soldier, and it was thought by his friends that the sudden and total disuse of all stimulating liquors had weakened his brain. He himself ascribed his deliverance from a chronic cough, and the recovery of the power to read small print, to his abstinence. He continued to abstain even from table-beer whilst in the Asylum, and his recovery took place in about five months from the commencement of his attack.

Insane persons are sometimes brought to Hanwell who have been found wandering, apparently homeless and friendless, of whom no account can be obtained from others, and who either cannot, or will not, give any history of themselves. Two of the cases of this kind, discharged from Hanwell during the past year, are sufficiently interesting to be particularly alluded to; both the Patients having perfectly recovered and left the Asylum.

The subject of one was a male patient, a native of Scotland, thirty-two years of age, and, apparently, by birth and education a gentleman. He was admitted in July 1842; his real name was probably never revealed to us. He was subject to paroxysms of distress, in which the functions of the stomach were violently disturbed and he was bent on self-destruction, from which he had been rescued by the police. It appeared that he had been married early and happily; but having lost his wife and his children in the course of a few years, had become a wanderer, and, in various capacities, visited many parts of the Old and New World. Suffering many varieties and reverses, he became an opium-eater; and his despair eventually suggested to him every argument in favour of suicide that the ingenuity of the mind has ever advanced. After repeated returns of his malady, this Patient began to recover; and at length his daily petition to be set at liberty could no longer be resisted. Nothing could be more hopeless than his prospects on his liberation. Some assistance was afforded to him from the Adelaide Fund; but his resources were at an end before any employment was met with, and he again flew to opium for relief. Sufficient confidence was happily placed in him to cause this to be ascribed to his hopeless circumstances, and some further assistance was afforded to him. He then disappeared, and much anxiety was felt for his fate. After the lapse of about two months, a letter was received from him, expressive of his grateful recollection of his treatment at Hanwell, of his regret that "his proceedings after leaving us were so devious and inconsistent," and of his well-grounded hope that he should be assisted to recover his position in society. He evinced in this letter great anxiety

that the Resident Physician should "be enabled to say and to know that his discharge was not an untoward event, nor injurious to the Physician's reputation, or that of the benevolent Institution from which he received so much unmerited kindness."

The other was the case of a female Patient, also admitted in July 1842, aged thirty-six. She was found walking about in a distracted manner in the park of a nobleman near the Asylum, and was thought to meditate drowning herself in the lake. For many months after admission her despondency was extreme; she refused to reveal her name, station, or any other circumstance, and in reply to all words and acts of kindness invariably assured us that they were misapplied, and that she was not worthy of them. By slow degrees she seemed to acquire some confidence in those about her, and began to make herself useful in the Wards. About twelve months after admission her convalescence was gradually established. She expressed a wish to see a priest of her persuasion, and told us that after speaking to him she would tell us her history. She accordingly informed us of her birth and parentage, and told us that her husband was a sergeant in a foot-regiment; and that when they were quartered at Windsor she wandered away, and could give no further account of herself until she found she was in the Asylum. On this statement being made her husband was communicated with. He had sought her long, and in vain, and had concluded her to be dead, and her eventual restoration to him and to her children has appeared not only to give him the sincerest happiness, but to have been a source of congratulation and sympathy on the part of his superior officers, who

have expressed themselves on the subject in very gratifying terms. She has herself sent grateful and affectionate messages to the nurses and officers of the Asylum, and their families ; and seemed anxious that we should know how happy the meeting with her children and her husband has made her. It is satisfactory to be able to add that she has borne these vicissitudes well ; and that the surgeon of the regiment considers her to be perfectly recovered.

GENERAL MANAGEMENT OF THE ASYLM.—The whole experience of the last twelve months has fully confirmed the impression, made in the years preceding, that by the abolition of physical restraints, the general management of the insane has been freed from many difficulties, and their recovery in various degrees greatly promoted. Fresh illustrations have been daily afforded of the advantage of those general principles of treatment which have been expressed in former Reports ; and of which the effects are to remove, as far as possible, all causes of irritation and excitement from the irritable ; to soothe, encourage, and comfort the depressed ; to repress the violent by methods which leave no ill effect on the temper, and leave no painful recollections in the memory ; and, in all cases, to seize all opportunities of promoting a restoration of the healthy exercise of the understanding and of the affections.

Every separate article of treatment, every prescription, every direction, has these objects more or less immediately in view ; and the full results of this general system, wherever it is allowed to be consistently followed, and, as a consequence, to be at once, and from the beginning, ap-

plied to all new cases, and perseveringly and uniformly adapted to the older and more confirmed, will be more perceptible every year ; chiefly, and at first, in large Asylums, containing numerous Patients long affected with mental disorder, but eventually in every house in which even a single insane Patient is the object of particular care.

INSTRUCTION OF THE PATIENTS.—In proportion as, by these means, all the accidental aggravations of insanity are avoided or removed, and general tranquillity and contentment produced in communities of the insane, opportunities are presented of trying to what possible extent faculties which have been neglected, or misdirected, or ungoverned, may be brought to healthy, orderly, pleasurable, or useful exercise, and the intellectual and affective life of numerous individuals, still more or less of unsound mind, restored.

To this great end of all treatment the Resident Physician has always looked upon the abolition of restraints as merely a means, and a means ineffectual except in combination with a uniform system of kindness and consideration, prevalent throughout establishments for the insane, and maintained by zealous and humane officers and attendants, under an appropriate and undivided direction. Exactly in relation to the combination of these influences, and to their undeviating and steady application, will be the progress of the insane to that state in which important resources, yet untried, or tried very partially, may be applied to the remedy, or to the relief of their malady. The capacities of feeling, and of intellectual action, and of pure, varied, and elevated enjoyments, preserved to the

insane in many forms and stages of their affliction, and even when it is incurable, are becoming developed beyond expectation in many Institutions, directed by persons of intelligence and humanity, and will doubtless become more manifest as the delicacy required in the management of infirm minds becomes more generally appreciated. But at Hanwell this subject must necessarily be regarded, almost exclusively, in relation to the poorer and least educated classes.

Without forgetting the limitations arising from want of early care, from the formation of unfavourable habits, and the absence of general education and refinement, the expectation may yet be encouraged that some portion of good results will reward the labours even of those who devote themselves to the treatment of the insane poor. It is but reasonable to suppose that the various means of improvement now enjoyed by persons of the poorest class, who are not afflicted with insanity, are capable of a modified application to those of the same class, whose minds have been feeble from birth, or have been weakened by mental disorder.

Some Patients are in every year admitted at Hanwell who are young, able, and not unwilling to work or to learn, but who have never learned any employment, and have scarcely received any kind of instruction. In the Second Report of the Resident Physician (in 1840) it was suggested that the modes of employment, as well as of instruction and amusement, might be multiplied by securing the services of active workmasters, capable of communicating a knowledge of various branches of work to the

Patients; and it seems not unlikely that such a plan would be found very useful in addition to the employment of the Patients in the workshops long established in the Asylum, and in the farm and gardens, from which such great benefit continually accrues to them. There are generally some book-binders, printers, and mechanics of various descriptions in the Asylum, whom it is at present not found practicable to employ, and who might occasionally be occupied in their own trades, especially during convalescence. The number of female Patients, for whom employment can always be found in the kitchens, the laundry, and the work-rooms, is always considerable, but their occupations seem still to be capable of further extension and variety.

It is, however, undesirable to employ insane Patients for the same number of hours which are thought proper in the case of sane and healthy persons. The same amount of labour should not be expected from them in the same time, and the more sedentary employments are altogether of very questionable benefit in many cases. Cheerful recreations, calling them into bodily activity, and instruction in subjects demanding a moderate exercise of the faculties of the mind, deserve at least the next consideration.

Believing the general condition of the Patients at Hanwell to be not unfavorable to an extension of these views to practice, the Resident Physician obtained leave from the Visiting Justices, in October, 1842, to institute a School of Singing in the Asylum; the first scholars being the male and female attendants, with a small number of the

Patients. Subsequently, with the kind co-operation of the Rev. Mr. Burt, the Chaplain, classes have been formed on the male and female side of the Asylum, for the Patients alone, for reading, writing, drawing, arithmetic, geography, and singing, under the direction of a Schoolmaster and Schoolmistress accustomed to the instruction of children.

The singing lessons for the attendants were designed as a preparation for enabling them to contribute to the evening amusements of the Patients, and also eventually to teach them; but the lessons were not continued long enough to enable the attendants to overcome the unavoidable difficulties of an art capable of such beneficial communication or application to the insane.

The classes for the Patients have been in operation only a few months. Each class consists of ten or fifteen Patients, and no class is occupied for more than one hour at a time. Among the readers may be seen some who were formerly looked upon as among the most troublesome Patients in the Asylum, and several who are liable to occasional attacks of maniacal excitement; but they attend the classes with gratification, and observe a remarkable order and decorum; reading each a verse or portion of a page in turn, with attention and correctness. The articulation of some of these readers is impaired by their malady, but several read with an earnest expression which is peculiarly impressive but difficult to describe. The greater number of the readers hitherto assembled have been those who had learned to read in former years; but of these several had lost the habit of reading, and have much improved by

practice. Their power of application, and their memory of the previous day's lesson, have been observed to become strengthened by these daily but not long continued habits of attention. The teachers, and particularly the School-master, have had the disadvantage of endeavouring to teach those who are for the most part incapable of employment, and, as may be inferred from that circumstance, the least capable of profiting by their instructions.

Writing has been taught to some who were previously unable to hold a pen. Others who had formerly learned to write, were found to have forgotten the art, and required to begin again. It has often been observed that on the first day of going to the writing class, the Patients would scrawl over the page quite irregularly; on the second day they would try to imitate the copy; and in a few days write with care. They take particular pleasure in this acquirement, and exhibit their copy-books with much satisfaction. One female Patient, who was thought to be too excited for the class-room, almost forced her way into it on one occasion, and when there wrote a copy with more than usual carefulness; this Patient, a married woman of forty, had not learned to write before she came to the Asylum. Her application is often interrupted by grievous attacks of illness; but in her happier intervals writing is her solace, and she has of her own accord written hymns from memory. Another female Patient, who had never been taught to write before, and now writes very carefully, was formerly almost always in restraint. Singular difficulty is found in teaching these scholars to form each separate letter in cases in which there has never been any previous instruction, but the difficulty is surmounted by patience in the teacher, and anxious care in the learners.

Some variety has been imparted to the occupations of the class-rooms by occasional descriptions of different parts of the earth, aided by reference to maps and to a globe, and in the classes for the male Patients simple descriptions of various animals with pictorial illustrations have been found to excite a lively interest. Drawing and singing have agreeably occupied a few of them; and a class of arithmetic has been formed on the male side.

The Patients assemble cheerfully, go through the little that is required of them without impatience, and seem to be very sensible of the comfort of the quiet occupations of the school-room, and to derive much pleasure and some advantage from efforts revived, in some instances, after long disuse, and awakened in others for the first time.

The Resident Physician is desirous not to exaggerate the immediate or the prospective advantages of this attempt to educate the insane poor. If the occupations associated with it are considered as little more serviceable than amusements, they may be still deserving of attention. If their results among the poor and uninformed should never be great, greater consequences may follow among Patients of a different class; and in this instance, as in others, the example of so large an institution as Hanwell may be deeply felt, far beyond the limits of the immediate regulations of the Middlesex Asylum. The short trial already made has at least been attended with no obvious inconvenience; and it has not been permitted to interfere with the ordinary occupations of the Asylum. The plan has been applied to about 80 of the Female and to more than 120 of the Male Patients, and in no instance has attendance at the classes been compulsory.

Among the inducements to persevere in this attempt, may be mentioned the more advantageous state in which the Chaplain is disposed to think it may place the Patients as respects the capability of receiving and profiting by religious instruction; which is found, as may readily be supposed, to be much impaired by the torpor and inactivity of mind so generally incidental to their disease.*

The temporary change of scene from the wards to the class-rooms would be attended with a more salutary and welcome tranquillity if apartments could be assigned for the schools, removed from the unavoidable interruptions and occasional disturbance of the ordinary day-rooms, which are alone at present available to this purpose. The same apartments, by affording great facilities for the simultaneous amusement of numerous Patients, within sight or hearing of one point of the apartment, in a large and well proportioned room, would be extremely conducive to the enjoyment of the Patients at their evening entertainments; the value of which meetings to the Patients becomes more manifest at every repetition. These meetings are at present held of necessity in the galleries, where the assembled Patients are somewhat inconveniently crowded together.

* A School for the instruction of Idiotic Patients, of various ages, was established by M. Ferrus, at the Bicêtre, in 1828; and the plan of it was subsequently enlarged by MM. Leuret and Voisin. An elementary school was established at the Salpêtrière, for Insane Female Patients, in 1831, by M. Falret. In the latest Report of the Lancaster Lunatic Asylum, (p. 4) very favourable testimony is afforded of the effects of a plan of teaching adopted in that Institution, comprehending spelling, reading, writing, arithmetic, and singing.

CLINICAL LECTURES.—In the months of May and June an opportunity was afforded to a limited number of Medical Students, from the different Hospitals in London, of attending a course of Clinical instruction at the Asylum; the plan followed being in most respects that mentioned in last year's Report, and comprehending Visits and Lectures. The number of Students was this year extended to sixteen, without inconvenience; and the course of lectures consisted of eight, delivered after each Clinical visit, on Saturdays. An address which the Medical gentlemen attending this course did the Resident Physician the honour to present to him at its conclusion, left him no reason to doubt that they appreciated the peculiar advantages thus afforded to them by the Visiting Justices.

J. CONOLLY.

October 1st, 1843.

The Committee wish to append the following observations to that part of the Report of Dr. Conolly which relates to the employment and instruction of the patients, to which his attention was not directed before his Report was presented and ordered by the Court to be printed for circulation.

“ The valuable adjuncts to the humane system adopted at Hanwell, of employment, instruction, and amusement, have never been lost sight of by the Visiting Justices, as will appear from the quarterly returns of the patients employed, and by the ready sanction which they have uniformly given to the various ways which have been suggested of contributing to these desirable objects. But, besides this, it is, and has been their opinion for some time past, that other employments might still be suggested, and other modes adopted, of increasing their amusements and instruction; and accordingly, in the year 1842, they passed the following resolution: ‘ Resolved, that Dr. Conolly be requested to report to the Committee his views for the further employment and instruction of the patients;’ for which Report they have waited with much anxiety, but which, from circumstances not necessary to particularise, has not yet been made.

TABLE I.

Form of Disease in the Cases of the 180 Patients admitted during the year ending 30th September, 1843.

<i>Form of Disease.</i>	M.	F.	Total.
MANIA	38	32	
with Epilepsy	1	5	
with General Paralysis	1	1	
with Hysteria		1	
with Paralysis and Hysteria		1	
, Puerperal		1	
, <i>Suicidal</i>	1		
	41	41	82
MELANCHOLIA	5	14	
with Hysteria		1	
, <i>Suicidal</i>	4	2	
	9	17	26
INCOHERENCE	5	6	
with Paralysis	1		
with General Paralysis....	4		
with Epilepsy and General Paralysis	1	1	
with General Paralysis, <i>Suicidal</i>	1		
	12	7	19
IMBECILITY	3	8	
with Epilepsy	6	10	
with Paralysis	1	1	
with General Paralysis	9		
with Epilepsy and General Paralysis	1		
with Epilepsy and Paralysis, <i>Suicidal</i>	1		
Congenital	4	3	
	25	22	47
DEMENTIA	2	1	
with Epilepsy		1	
	2	2	4
IDIOCY	1	1	2
Total	90	90	180

TABLE II.

Admissions in each Month of the Year ending 30th September, 1843, classed according to the Form of Disease.

DISEASE.	FORM of		Oct. 1842.		Nov. 1842.		Dec. 1842.		Jan. 1843.		Feb. 1843.		March 1843.		April 1843.		May 1843.		June 1843.		July 1843.		August 1843.		Sept. 1843.		TOTAL.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
Mania	6	3	2	..	3	4	4	4	7	4	5	6	4	3	4	1	4	3	1	2	4	4	1	3	4	41	41	
Melancholia	3	1	..	1	1	2	5	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	1	2	2	9	17
Incoherence	2	1	1	3	2	..	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	1	2	..	12	7
Imbecility	7	2	4	..	3	3	2	10	..	2	..	1	1	3	2	1	..	2	..	1	..	1	1	1	1	25	22	
Dementia .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2
Idiocy .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
	15	9	8	3	9	8	9	24	5	9	7	7	5	6	6	6	10	7	1	4	4	7	2	8	7	90	90	

TABLE III.

Combination of Disease in 27 Epileptic Cases, admitted during the Year ending 30th September, 1843,

	Males.	Females.	Total.
With Mania	1	5	6
" Incoherence	1	1	2
" Imbecility.....	8	10	18
" Dementia .....	..	1	1
Total.....	10	17	27

TABLE IV.

Duration of the Disorder in the 180 Cases admitted during the Year ending 30th September, 1843.

Duration.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Not exceeding 1 Month	16	6	22
" 3 "	7	17	24
" 6 "	9	9	18
" 9 "	4	3	7
" 1 Year	7	6	13
" 2 "	11	14	25
" 3 "	2	7	9
" 4 "	5	3	8
" 5 "	2	..	2
" 6 "	1	1	2
" 7 "	1	3	4
" 8 " .....	..	1	1
" 9 "	1	1	2
" 10 "	2	..	2
" 11 "	1	..	1
" 12 "	1	..	1
" 13 "	2	..	2
" 14 " .....	..	1	1
" 17 " .....	..	1	1
" 20 "	2	1	3
" 22 "	1	..	1
From Birth.....	5	5	10
Not ascertained	10	11	21
Total.....	90	90	180

TABLE V.

Causes of the Disorder in the 180 Cases admitted during the Year ending 30th September, 1843.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
<i>Moral.</i>		<i>Moral.</i>	
Poverty	8	Grief	9
Anxiety	6	Poverty	8
Disappointed Affections	4	Fright	6
Reverses	4	Disappointed Affections	3
Domestic Unhappiness	1	Anxiety	1
Fright	1	Apprehension of the loss of Sight	1
Religion	1	Domestic Unhappiness	1
	25	Jealousy	1
	—		—
	30		—
<i>Physical.</i>		<i>Physical.</i>	
Intemperance	19	Epilepsy	15
Epilepsy	10	Intemperance	5
Congenital Defect	5	Congenital Defect	4
Fever	5	Fever	4
Paralysis	4	Puerperal	4
Injury of Head	2	Hysteria	3
Disease of the Heart	1	Nursing	2
Metallic Fumes	1	Age	1
Sensual Excess ?	1	Fatigue	1
Teetotalism ?	1	Injury of Head	1
	49	Period of Life	1
	—	Uterine Irritation	1
	42		—
<i>Hereditary.</i>		<i>Hereditary.</i>	
Hereditary Disposition	10	Hereditary Disposition	6
	—		—
	84		78
Deduct repetitions from combined causes	18	Deduct repetitions from combined causes	14
	—		—
	66		64
Not ascertained	24	Not ascertained	26
	—		—
Total	90	Total	90
	—		—

TABLE VI.

*Station or Occupation of the 180 Patients Admitted
during the year ending 30th September, 1843.*

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Labourers	8	Servants.....	29
Servants.....	7	Needleworkers	6
Shoemakers	6	Laundresses	6
Clerks	5	Dressmakers	5
Sailors	5	Nurses.....	3
Tailors.....	5	Hawkers.....	2
Gardeners	3	Labourers' wives	2
Soldiers	3	Painters' wives	2
Carpenters.....	2	Sailors' wives.....	2
Grocers	2	Clerk's wife	1
Harness-makers.....	2	Engineer's wife.....	1
Painters and Glaziers.....	2	Fish and Fruit-seller.....	1
Schoolmasters.....	2	Hatter's wife.....	1
Surgeons	2	Lodging-house-keeper.....	1
Upholsterers	2	Piano-forte-maker's wife.....	1
Watchmakers	2	Portrait-painter.....	1
Baker.....	1	Printer's wife.....	1
Butcher	1	Schoolmistress	1
Cab-driver.....	1	Shoemaker's wife	1
Carry forward.. 61		Carry forward.. 67	

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Brought forward..	61	Brought forward..	67
Calico-printer.....	1	Stewardess of a ship.....	1
Carriage-lamp-maker.....	1	Sweep's wife	1
Ginger-beer seller.....	1	Tailor's wife	1
Guard of a coach	1	Tobacconist's wife.....	1
Japanner	1	Incapable of any occupation...	5
Linen-draper	1	Not ascertained	14
Machinist	1		
Merchant	1		
Messenger.....	1		
Outfitter	1		
Picture-dealer	1		
Porter	1		
Printer	1		
Rope-maker	1		
Salesman.....	1		
Smith.....	1		
Stonemason.....	1		
Tutor.....	1		
Waterman	1		
Incapable of any occupation	6		
Not ascertained	4		
	—		—
Total.....	90	Total.....	90
	—		—

TABLE VII.

<i>Degree of Education of the 180 Patients admitted during the year ending September 30th, 1843.</i>			
	M.	F.	Total.
Well Educated ..	10	1	11
Can Read and Write	61	43	104
Can Read	10	23	33
Cannot Read	7	8	15
Not ascertained ..	2	15	17
Total	90	90	180

TABLE IX.

<i>Religion of the 180 Patients admitted during the year ending September 30th, 1843.</i>			
	M.	F.	Total.
Church of England	56	48	104
Roman Catholics	13	7	20
Independents	2	4	6
Presbyterians	3	..	3
Wesleyan Methodists	1	2	3
Lutherans	2	..	2
Unitarians	2	..	2
Baptist .....	..	1	1
Calvinist .....	..	1	1
Quaker	1	..	1
Incapable of learning any }	4	3	7
Not ascertained ..	6	24	30
Total	90	90	180

TABLE VIII.

<i>Proportion of the Married and Single, and Widows and Widowers of the 180 Patients admitted during the year ending September 30th, 1843.</i>			
	M.	F.	Total.
Single	39	49	88
Married	35	22	57
Widows .....	..	17	17
Widowers	13	..	13
Not ascertained ..	3	2	5
Total	90	90	180

TABLES X. & XI.

Age at the Time of the First Attack of Insanity, and of Admission into the Asylum, of the 180 Patients admitted during the Year ending 30th September, 1843.

AGE.	FIRST ATTACK.			ADMISSION.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Congenital.	5	5	10	..	..	..
From 5 to 10 Years.	1	..	1	..	..	..
,, 10 to 15 ,, ....	..	1	1	1	..	1
,, 15 to 20 ,,	3	8	11	2	6	8
,, 20 to 25 ,,	10	9	19	16	9	25
,, 25 to 30 ,,	12	9	21	10	17	27
,, 30 to 35 ,,	17	13	30	15	12	27
,, 35 to 40 ,,	9	11	20	16	13	29
,, 40 to 45 ,,	10	6	16	8	8	16
,, 45 to 50 ,,	4	3	7	11	9	20
,, 50 to 55 ,,	4	4	8	4	3	7
,, 55 to 60 ,,	3	2	5	3	2	5
,, 60 to 65 ,,	1	5	6	1	6	7
,, 65 to 70 ,,	1	3	4	3	2	5
,, 70 to 75 ,, ....	..	..	..	..	2	2
,, 80 to 85 ,, ....	..	..	..	..	1	1
Not ascertained.	10	11	21	..	..	..
Total.	90	90	180	90	90	180

TABLE XII.

*Causes of Disorder in the 54 Cases Discharged Cured,
during the Year ending 30th September, 1843.*

MALES.		FEMALES.	
<i>Moral.</i>		<i>Moral.</i>	
Anxiety	4	Grief	5
Disappointed Affections . .	1	Disappointed Affections . .	2
Domestic Unhappiness . .	1	Domestic Unhappiness . .	2
Grief	1	Anxiety	1
Poverty	1	Apprehension of the Loss of Sight	1
Religion	1	Poverty	1
Reverses	1	Religion	1
	10		13
<i>Physical.</i>		<i>Physical.</i>	
Intemperance	9	Intemperance	5
Disease of the Heart	2	Nursing	2
Fever	2	Period of Life	2
Injury of Head	1	Puerperal	2
Teetotalism ?	1	Age	1
	15	Hysteria	1
		Scarlet Fever	1
			14
<i>Hereditary.</i>		<i>Hereditary.</i>	
Hereditary Disposition . .	9	Hereditary Disposition . .	1
	34		28
Deduct repetitions from combined causes	13	Deduct repetitions from combined causes	5
	21		23
Not ascertained	3	Not ascertained	7
Total	24	Total	30

TABLES XIII. XIV. XV. & XVI.

Form of the Disease,—Duration of the Disease,—Age,—and Length of Time under Treatment in the Asylum, in the Cases of the 54 Patients discharged cured during the year ending 30th September, 1843.

TABLE XIII.

Form of Disease.	M.	F.	Total
Mania	17	12	
— Puerperal.....	..	2	
	17	14	31
Melancholia	3	5	
— with Epilepsy .....	..	1	
— with Hysteria .....	..	1	
— Suicidal	2	6	
	5	13	18
Incoherence	1	..	1
Imbecility	1	3	4
Total....	24	30	54

TABLE XIV.

Duration of Disease.	M.	F.	Total
Not exceeding 3 Months	2	..	2
" 6 " ..	4	3	7
" 9 " ..	3	5	8
" 1 Year ..	1	2	3
" 2 " ..	8	7	15
" 3 " ..	1	3	4
" 4 " ..	1	1	2
" 5 " ..	1	3	4
" 7 " ..	..	2	2
" 9 " ..	..	1	1
" 10 " ..	1	1	2
" 18 " ..	..	1	1
" 20 " ..	1	..	1
Not ascertained	1	1	2
Total....	24	30	54

TABLE XV.

Age.	M.	F.	Total
From 15 to 20 years ..	..	1	1
" 20 to 25 — ..	1	4	5
" 25 to 30 — ..	2	3	5
" 30 to 35 — ..	4	1	5
" 35 to 40 — ..	4	6	10
" 40 to 45 — ..	5	4	9
" 45 to 50 — ..	1	3	4
" 50 to 55 — ..	3	1	4
" 55 to 60 — ..	2	2	4
" 60 to 65 — ..	..	2	2
" 65 to 70 — ..	2	3	5
Total....	24	30	54

TABLE XVI.

Time of Treatment.	M.	F.	Total
Not exceeding 3 Months	4	4	8
" 6 " ..	7	6	13
" 9 " ..	4	7	11
" 1 Year ..	2	3	5
" 2 " ..	5	4	9
" 3 " ..	1	2	3
" 4 " ..	1	..	1
" 5 " ..	..	4	4
Total....	24	30	54

TABLES XVII. XVIII. XIX. & XX.

Similar Tables in the Cases of the 68 Patients who have Died in the year ending 30th September, 1843.

TABLE XVII.

Form of Disease.	M.	F.	Total.
MANIA.....	6	7	
— with Epilepsy	2	4	
— with Epilepsy and General Paralysis	2	..	
— with General Paralysis.....	..	1	
— Suicidal.....	..	1	
	10	13	23
MELANCHOLIA .....	..	2	2
HYPochondriasis.....	1	..	1
INCOHERENCE.....	2	8	
— with Paralysis .....	..	1	
— with General Paralysis	4	..	
— with occasional violence .....	..	1	
	6	10	16
IMBECILITY.....	2	..	
— with Epilepsy	4	1	
— with Paralysis .....	..	2	
— with General Paralysis.....	4	1	
— with Epilepsy and General Paralysis	1	..	
	11	4	15
DEMENTIA.....	..	1	
— with Epilepsy .....	..	3	
— with General Paralysis	5	..	
— with Epilepsy and Paralysis .....	..	1	
	5	5	10
IDIOCY	1	..	1
Total.....	34	34	68

TABLE XIX.

Age.	M.	F.	Total.
From 15 to 20 years	2	1	3
.. 20 to 25	2	..	2
.. 25 to 30	2	4	6
.. 30 to 35	3	2	5
.. 35 to 40	6	7	13
.. 40 to 45	6	1	7
.. 45 to 50	6	4	10
.. 50 to 55	2	3	5
.. 55 to 60	2	5	7
.. 60 to 65	3	1	4
.. 65 to 70 .....	..	2	2
.. 70 to 75 .....	..	2	2
.. 75 to 80 .....	..	1	1
.. 85 to 90 .....	..	1	1
Total.....	34	34	68

TABLE XVIII.

Duration of Disease.	M.	F.	Total.
Not exceeding 1 Month	1	..	1
.. 6 —	1	..	1
.. 1 year ..	1	1	2
.. 2 — ..	6	5	11
.. 3 — ..	2	2	4
.. 4 — ..	3	4	7
.. 5 — ..	3	2	5
.. 7 — ..	1	2	3
.. 8 — ..	1	2	3
.. 9 — ..	3	1	4
.. 10 — ..	..	1	1
.. 11 — ..	..	1	1
.. 12 — ..	1	1	2
.. 13 — ..	1	1	2
.. 14 — ..	1	2	3
.. 15 — ..	..	1	1
.. 16 — ..	1	..	1
.. 18 — ..	..	2	2
.. 21 — ..	..	1	1
.. 24 — ..	..	1	1
.. 38 — ..	1	..	1
From birth	2	1	3
Not ascertained.....	5	3	8
Total.....	34	34	68

TABLE XX.

Time of Treatment.	M.	F.	Total.
Not exceeding 1 Month	2	..	2
.. 3 —	2	2	4
.. 6 —	2	2	4
.. 9 —	2	2	4
.. 1 year ..	1	..	1
.. 2 — ..	4	7	11
.. 3 — ..	7	3	10
.. 4 — ..	4	3	7
.. 5 — ..	4	3	7
.. 6 — ..	1	..	1
.. 7 — ..	1	1	2
.. 8 — ..	2	1	3
.. 9 — ..	1	1	2
.. 10 — ..	..	4	4
.. 11 — ..	..	1	1
.. 12 — ..	1	4	5
Total.....	34	34	68

TABLE XXI.
Causes of the 68 Deaths during the Year ending 30th September, 1843.

CAUSE OF DEATH.	Oct. 1842.			Nov. 1842.			D. c. 1842.			Jan. 1843.			Feb. 1843.			Mar. 1843.			April 1843.			May 1843.			June 1843.			July 1843.			Aug. 1843.			Sep. 1843.			TOTAL.		
	M	F.	M	M	F.	M	M	F.	M	M	F.	M	M	F.	M	M	F.	M	M	F.	M	M	F.	M	M	F.	M	M	F.	M	M	F.							
Fever																																							
— after Epilepsy																																							
Exhaustion after Mania																																							
Apoplexy																																							
_____, Serous.	1																																						
Paralysis, General	1																																						
_____, and Inflammatory Gangrene.																																							
Epilepsy	2																																						
Pulmonary Consumption																																							
Inflammation of the Lungs																																							
Ulceration and Perforation of the Stomach																																							
Jaundice and General Debility																																							
Dropsy and Disease of the Heart																																							
_____, and General Debility																																							
Cancer of the Breast																																							
General Debility	4																																						
" Natural Death",																																							
" Effusion of Serum into the Brain",																																							
" Effusion of Blood on the Brain",																																							
" Extravasation of Blood on the Brain",																																							
Verdicts of Coroners, Inquests																																							
" Congestion of Blood on the Brain",																																							
" Extravasation of Blood on the Brain",																																							
	3	6	2	2	3	2	4	1	1	1	4	3	3	6	4	1	3	1	2	3	4	2	1	6	34	34													

TABLE XXII.

The Times of the Patients' Deaths after their Admission into the Asylum, from the opening of the Institution, to 30th September, 1843.

Times of Deaths.		Males.	Females.	Total.
Within 1	Fortnight	20	8	28
„ 1	Month	36	15	51
„ 3	„	70	38	108
„ 6	„	61	42	103
„ 9	„	53	32	85
„ 1	Year	26	13	39
„ 2	„	76	74	150
„ 3	„	41	44	85
„ 4	„	41	32	73
„ 5	„	22	22	44
„ 6	„	13	14	27
„ 7	„	11	20	31
„ 8	„	9	10	19
„ 9	„	6	17	23
„ 10	„	6	16	22
„ 11	„ . . . . .	..	3	3
„ 12	„	2	5	7
		493	405	898

TABLE XXIII.

Annual per cent. of Deaths, from the opening of the Institution, 16th May, 1831, to 30th September, 1843.

Years ending 30th Sept.	Average Number of Patients.	Number of Deaths.	Per Centage of Deaths.
1831 from May 16th. } 1832	168	6	3.57 or 9.44 per ann.
1833	369	87	23.58
1834	519	86	16.57
1835	562	65	11.57
1836	572	63	11.01
1837	609	66	10.84
1838	609	48	7.88
1839	617	74	11.99
1840	798	92	11.53
1841	835	69	8.26
1842	883	83	9.39
1843	943	91	9.65
	970	68	7.01

TABLE XXIV.

Duration of Insanity in the Cases of the 975 Patients remaining in the Asylum on 30th September, 1843.

Duration.	M.	F.	Total.
Not exceeding 3 Months	3	1	4
" 6 "	3	4	7
" 9 "	4	6	10
" 1 Year..	7	8	15
" 2 "	22	28	50
" 3 "	20	38	58
" 4 "	24	28	52
" 5 "	15	24	39
" 6 "	11	28	39
" 7 "	15	23	38
" 8 "	18	24	42
" 9 "	17	23	40
" 10 "	25	21	46
" 11 "	12	20	32
" 12 "	17	15	32
" 13 "	15	21	36
" 14 "	8	22	30
" 15 "	11	9	20
" 16 "	9	16	25
" 17 "	9	11	20
" 18 "	5	12	17
" 19 "	8	9	17
" 20 "	6	13	19
" 21 "	5	4	9
" 22 "	3	5	8
" 23 "	4	5	9
" 24 "	3	5	8
" 25 "	3	5	8
" 26 "	3	3	6
" 27 "	2	2	4
" 28 "	2	5	7
" 29 "	1	1	2
" 30 "	1	2	3
" 31 "	..	2	2
" 32 "	2	..	2
" 33 "	1	1	2
" 34 "	1	2	3
" 36 "	1	..	1
" 37 "	..	2	2
" 38 "	..	1	1
" 42 "	..	2	2
" 43 "	2	..	2
" 50 "	1	..	1
From Birth	33	19	52
Not ascertained ..	60	93	153
Total	412	563	975

TABLE XXV.

Ages of the 975 Patients remaining in the Asylum on 30th September, 1843.

Age.	M.	F.	Total.
From 10 to 15 Years..	3	1	4
" 15 to 20	8	12	20
" 20 to 25	51	28	79
" 25 to 30	40	50	90
" 30 to 35	52	72	124
" 35 to 40	67	82	149
" 40 to 45	49	65	114
" 45 to 50	49	65	114
" 50 to 55	29	74	103
" 55 to 60	23	42	65
" 60 to 65	17	40	57
" 65 to 70	15	14	29
" 70 to 75	3	11	14
" 75 to 80	4	2	6
" 80 to 85	2	3	5
" 85 to 90	..	2	2
Total	412	563	975

TABLE XXVI.

Length of Time that the 975 Patients remaining on 30th September, 1843, have been in the Asylum.

Time.	M.	F.	Total.
Not exceeding 3 Months	18	13	31
" 6 "	10	15	25
" 9 "	14	32	46
" 1 Year..	24	13	37
" 2 "	42	47	89
" 3 "	36	63	99
" 4 "	37	43	80
" 5 "	28	36	64
" 6 "	45	91	136
" 7 "	12	14	26
" 8 "	27	16	43
" 9 "	13	23	36
" 10 "	11	11	22
" 11 "	25	35	60
" 12 "	41	62	103
" 13 "	29	49	78
Total	412	563	975

TIENTS Annually Admitted into the Asylum, from its opening on the 16th May, 1831, to the 30th September, 1843, distinguishing the Admissions, Cures, Deaths, and Convalescences.

(September.)

discharged at the request of friends, &c. are included.

TABLES XXVIII, XXIX, XXX, XXXI.

Per Centage of Cures, Discharges, Deaths, and Continuances in the Asylum, from the time of its opening to September 30th, 1843, according to the foregoing Table.

N.B.—These Tables give the separate Per-Centage of Cures, &c., of the Patients as annually admitted, during each year following their Admission. Thus, of the 409 admitted between October 1st, 1831, and September 30th, 1832, 7.58 per Cent. were discharged cured, between October 1st, 1831, and September 30th, 1832; 8.07 between October 1st, 1832, and September 30th, 1833, and so on of the deaths, &c.

TABLE XXVIII.

Per Centage of Cures during each Year after Admission.

Years ending Sept. 30.	Total Admissions.	1st.	2nd.	3rd.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	10th	11th	12th	13th
1831	254	3.94	9.45	2.76	1.58	1.18	0.39	0.39	0.00	0.39	0.79	0.00	0.39	0.00
1832	409	7.58	8.07	1.22	0.24	0.98	0.24	0.73	0.73	0.49	0.00	0.24	0.00	
1833	215	9.77	11.16	1.40	2.33	0.00	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00		
1834	138	15.22	11.59	2.17	0.72	1.45	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
1835	130	3.85	11.54	2.31	3.08	1.54	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00				
1836	119	6.72	12.60	3.36	0.00	1.68	0.84	0.00	0.00					
1837	82	9.76	15.85	2.44	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00						
1838	272	2.57	11.03	4.41	0.00	0.37	0.37							
1839	197	16.24	12.18	5.58	0.51	1.52								
1840	213	10.33	9.86	1.41	1.41									
1841	213	7.98	10.80	2.35										
1842	166	12.05	10.84											
1843	180	13.33												
Average perCent- age.	2588	9.78	11.25	2.67	7.77	0.97	0.53	0.29	0.28	0.78	0.20	0.08	0.20	0.00

TABLE XXIX.

Per Centage of discharges uncured during each Year after Admission.

Years ending Sept. 30.	Total Admis- sions.	1st.	2nd.	3rd.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th. to 13th
1831	254	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1832	409	3.67	0.49	0.24	0.49	0.24	0.49	0.00	0.24	0.00
1833	215	0.47	0.93	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1834	138	1.45	0.72	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.72	1.45	0.00
1835	130	1.54	0.77	0.00	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00
1836	119	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1837	82	2.44	1.22	1.22	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00		
1838	272	1.47	1.10	0.00	0.74	0.00	0.00			
1839	197	1.52	1.52	3.05	0.00	0.00				
1840	213	1.88	0.94	0.47	0.94					
1841	213	3.29	0.94	0.47						
1842	166	2.41	3.61							
1843	180	5.56								
Average perCent- age.	2588	2.04	1.09	0.69	0.33	0.25	0.16	0.10	0.28	0.00

N.B.—This Table includes Patients who have been removed to Parishes not belonging to Middlesex, or on the application of friends able to maintain them.

TABLE XXX.

Per Centage of Deaths during each Year after Admission.

Years ending Sept. 30.	Total Admissions.	1st.	2nd.	3rd.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	10th.	11th.	12th.	13th.
1831	254	2.36	15.75	11.02	2.75	2.75	2.75	1.57	2.36	2.36	0.79	1.18	0.79	0.39
1832	409	11.49	9.29	4.16	4.16	3.42	2.44	3.91	2.44	1.47	2.69	2.20	0.98	
1833	215	9.30	10.23	5.12	2.79	2.79	1.86	2.79	1.40	1.40	2.79	0.93		
1834	138	13.77	12.32	4.35	2.17	6.52	1.45	2.17	1.45	2.89	2.18			
1835	130	8.46	14.61	2.31	9.23	4.62	0.77	0.77	0.00	2.37				
1836	119	11.76	13.44	3.36	2.52	2.52	1.68	0.84	3.36					
1837	82	7.32	10.98	3.66	2.44	3.66	1.22	0.00						
1838	272	5.15	10.66	3.68	3.31	2.94	2.21							
1839	197	13.70	7.61	5.58	2.54	2.03								
1840	213	11.27	8.45	8.45	5.16									
1841	213	9.39	9.86	4.22										
1842	166	9.64	7.23											
1843	180	5.00												
Average per Cent- age.	2588	9.12	10.87	5.08	3.71	3.47	1.80	1.72	1.83	2.09	2.11	1.44	0.89	0.39

TABLE XXXI.

Per Centage of Continuances in the Asylum during each Year after Admission.

Years ending Sept. 30.	Total Admissions.	1st.	2nd.	3rd.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	10th.	11th.	12th.	13th.
1831	254	93.70	67.71	53.93	49.21	45.28	42.14	40.18	37.82	35.07	33.49	32.31	31.13	30.74
1832	409	77.26	59.41	53.79	48.90	44.26	41.09	36.45	33.04	31.08	28.39	25.95	24.97	
1833	215	80.46	58.14	50.22	45.10	42.31	39.52	35.80	33.47	32.07	29.28	28.35		
1834	138	69.56	44.93	37.69	34.80	26.83	24.66	21.77	18.87	15.98	73.80			
1835	130	86.15	59.23	54.61	41.53	34.60	32.29	31.52	31.52	29.21				
1836	119	80.68	54.64	47.92	45.40	41.20	38.68	37.84	34.48					
1837	82	80.48	52.43	45.11	41.45	36.57	35.35	35.35						
1838	272	90.81	68.02	59.93	55.88	52.57	49.99							
1839	197	68.54	47.23	33.02	29.97	26.42								
1840	213	76.52	57.27	46.94	39.43									
1841	213	79.34	57.74	50.70										
1842	166	75.90	54.22											
1843	180	76.77												
Average per Cent- age.	2588	97.65	56.75	48.53	43.17	38.89	37.96	34.73	31.53	28.68	26.24	28.87	28.05	30.74

To HER MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF THE PEACE
FOR THE COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX IN GENERAL QUARTER
SESSION ASSEMBLED.

*The FIFTEENTH REPORT of MESSRS. ALLEN,
of Carlisle-street, Soho Square.*

MESSRS. ALLEN have to report, that in consequence of notices received by them since the County day of the last Quarter Sessions, they have attended before Magistrates at the Metropolitan Police Courts and in Petty Sessions in 21 cases; that in one case the Lunatic died pending enquiry as to the settlement; that in seven of the cases the Magistrates (in consequence of the opposition offered by Messrs. Allen) either refused to make orders on the County Treasurer or the applications against the County were abandoned; that in two cases settlements were adjudicated upon evidence discovered by Messrs. Allen; and that in the remaining 11 cases the Paupers were adjudged County Patients; that settlements in two of those 11 cases have however, since the admission of the Lunatics into the Asylum, been adjudicated, and that two others are under investigation, and will, no doubt, be discovered and adjudicated.

Messrs. Allen have also to report, that they have discovered and adjudicated the settlements of two Lunatics, (namely, Matthew Clemmy and Amelia Wickens,) both of

whom had been admitted into the Asylum before the County day of the last Quarter Session ; that they have discovered and adjudicated the settlement of Thomas Anstee, a Criminal Lunatic, who had been admitted from the Westminster Bridewell under the warrant of Secretary Sir James Graham ; and that they have been required to interfere in two Appeals, and to make enquiries, correspond and advise in fifteen additional cases, with the view of protecting the interests of the County.

Messrs. Allen's Bill for attending at the Police Courts and Petty Sessions in the 21 cases, and for tracing out evidence in most of them, amounts to the sum of £41 9s. 1d. and their charges for discovering and adjudicating the settlements of four Pauper and one Criminal Lunatic, for interfering in the two Appeals, and for the business done by them with reference to the 15 other Lunatics, including payments to Country Agents, are £57 0s. 1d.

Messrs. Allen take leave to add, that in six of the seven cases before alluded to in which settlements have been adjudged, the Orders were made on Parishes out of the County of Middlesex ; one of the Paupers belonging to Brighton, one to the Township of Lancaster ; one to Westham, in Sussex ; one to Wednesbury, in Staffordshire ; one to Potsgrove, in Bedfordshire ; and the other to Bideford, in Devonshire.

All which they submit, &c.

C. & J. ALLEN.

26th October, 1843.